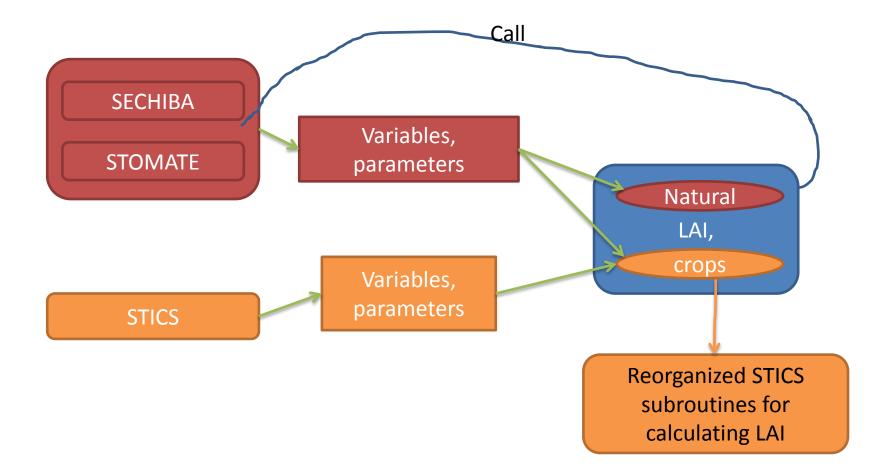
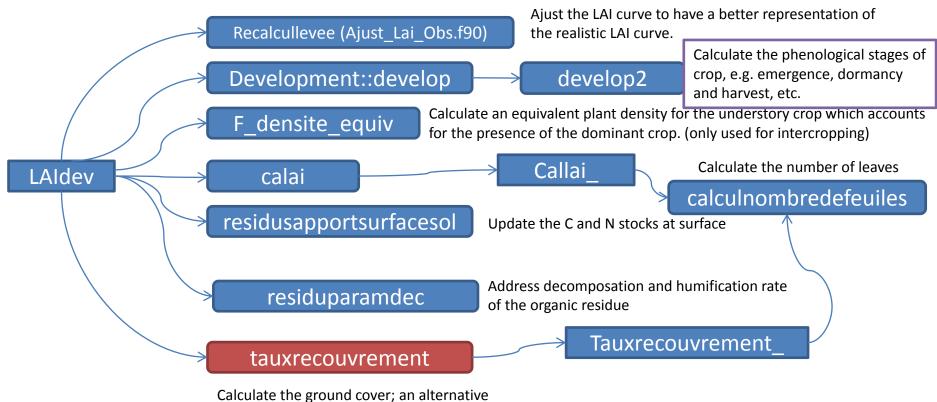
Focus on:

- LAI calculation:
 - ORCHIDEE: stomate.f90 (l. 3040-3062; LAI = biomass*sla);
 - STICS: laidev module;

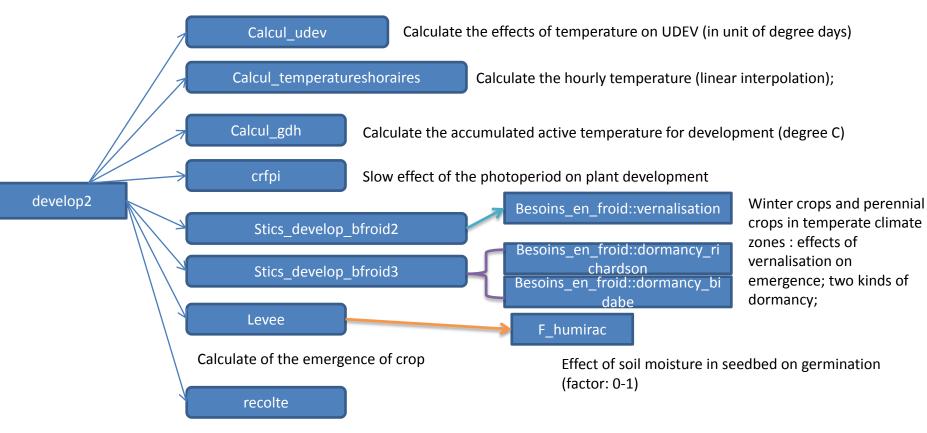
Conceptual map for reorganizing the processes for calculating LAI





option for representing the LAI

Calculate the phenological stages of crop considering

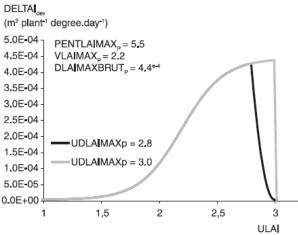


Treatment of the harvest

Leaf area growth (a subroutine) -the growth of LAI is splited into two stages: growth and senescence

- Leaf area growth is driven by phasic development, temperature (different variables), and stress factors. It is also modified by the plant density (standing for the inter-plant competetion).
- Phasic development: a logistic function;
- Thermal function: crop temperature, and cardinal temperature;
- Density function: there is a threshold;
- Water and nitrogen effect: a factor [0 1];
- Indeterminate crop: tropic competition (tropic stress index);
- Determinate crop: maximal expansion rate threshold is calculated to avoid the unrealistic leaf expansion.

```
DELTAI<sub>1</sub> =
DELTAIdev*DELTAI<sub>T</sub>*DELTAL<sub>dens</sub>*DELTAI<sub>stress</sub>;
```



Tauxrecouvrement: do we need it?

- Calculate the ground cover;
- This is a simple alternative for the calculation of LAI, especially for some plants with complex leaf structure (e.g. lettuce).
- This subroutine is programmed in STICS as an alternative option.

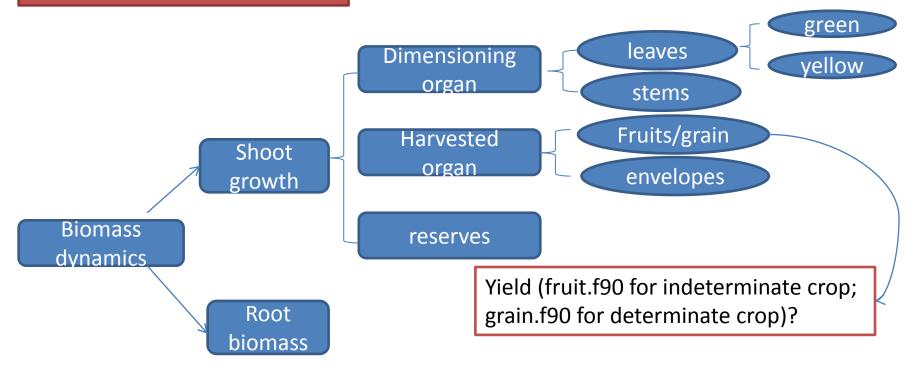
Main questions

- While running ORCHIDEE, in which level we call the "LAI subroutine box" of STICS to calculate the crop LAI;
- How do we prepare the variables which can not be calculated by ORCHIDEE itself? (include some other processes of STICS?)

Keep in mind

- <u>Carbon allocation</u> (Root, shoot);
- Irrigation effects;
- Crop_tem: microclimate: calcult.f90; (possible some errors in STICS codes regarding the Tcult)
- What is the relationship between growth and development?
- Management strategies;

Focus on the biomass dynamics



Equations are all listed in the book.

- Root growth (carbon? Related to carbon allocation) and profile (how can we use this process in ORCHIDEE? Water processes? Carbon partitioning in different soil layers);
- 2. Carbon allocation (yields, soil carbon, ...);

Note: (Root depth calculation: stomate.f90 (l. 575-577))

Calculation of Tcult: (average(tcultmax, tcultmin))

- 1. empirical approach (when wind speed and air humidity are not available);
- 2. energy balance approach (two energy balances are calculated to estimate tcultmax and tcultmin, respectively);

